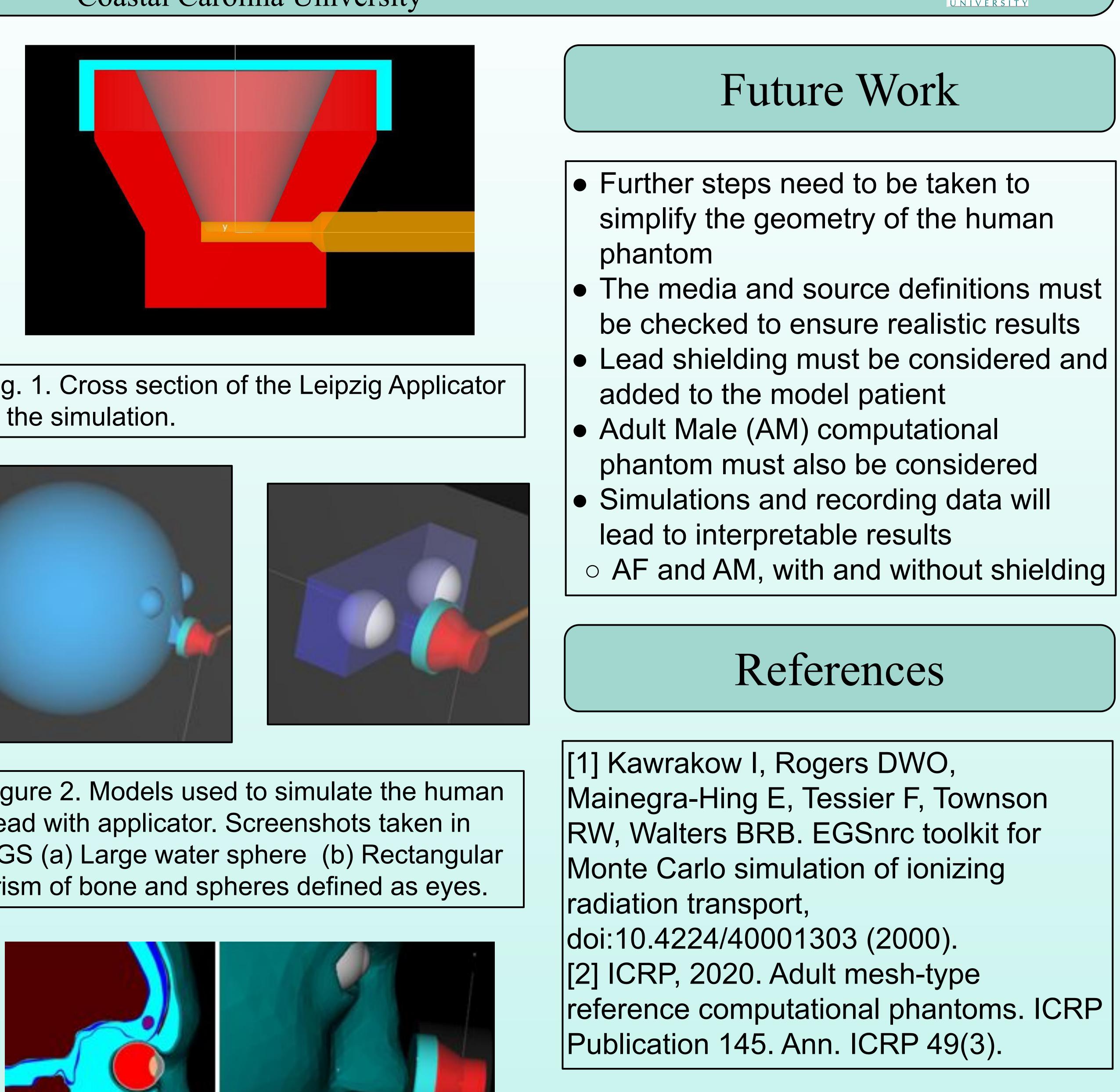
Leipzig Applicator Dose Study Progress and Mesh Computational Phantoms Julianna Davis, Klea Hoxha, George Wesley Hitt Coastal Carolina University

Introduction

- Leipzig Applicators are handheld medical devices that encase an isotropic radiation source (IR-192) in a tungsten body, and are used to administer topical brachytherapy. (Fig.1)
- Typically, patients receiving this treatment are given lead sheilding to cover their eyes, since eye lenses are sensitive to radiation.
- It is possible that the radiation scatters from the skull of the patient to the eyes, and then scattered back through the eyes due to the lead shielding.
- This could increase the dose received to the vulnerable lense

Methodology

- Used a Monte Carlo simulation software, EGS (Electron Gamma Shower)[1] to simulate what a patient would experience
- Modeled the Leipzig Applicator based on measurements of a real device
- Used the International Commission of Radiological Protection Publication 145 Mesh Computational Human Phantom Adult Female [2] to model the patient
- Before the Mesh Phantom was imported, simplified models were used (Fig.2 a and Fig.2 b)



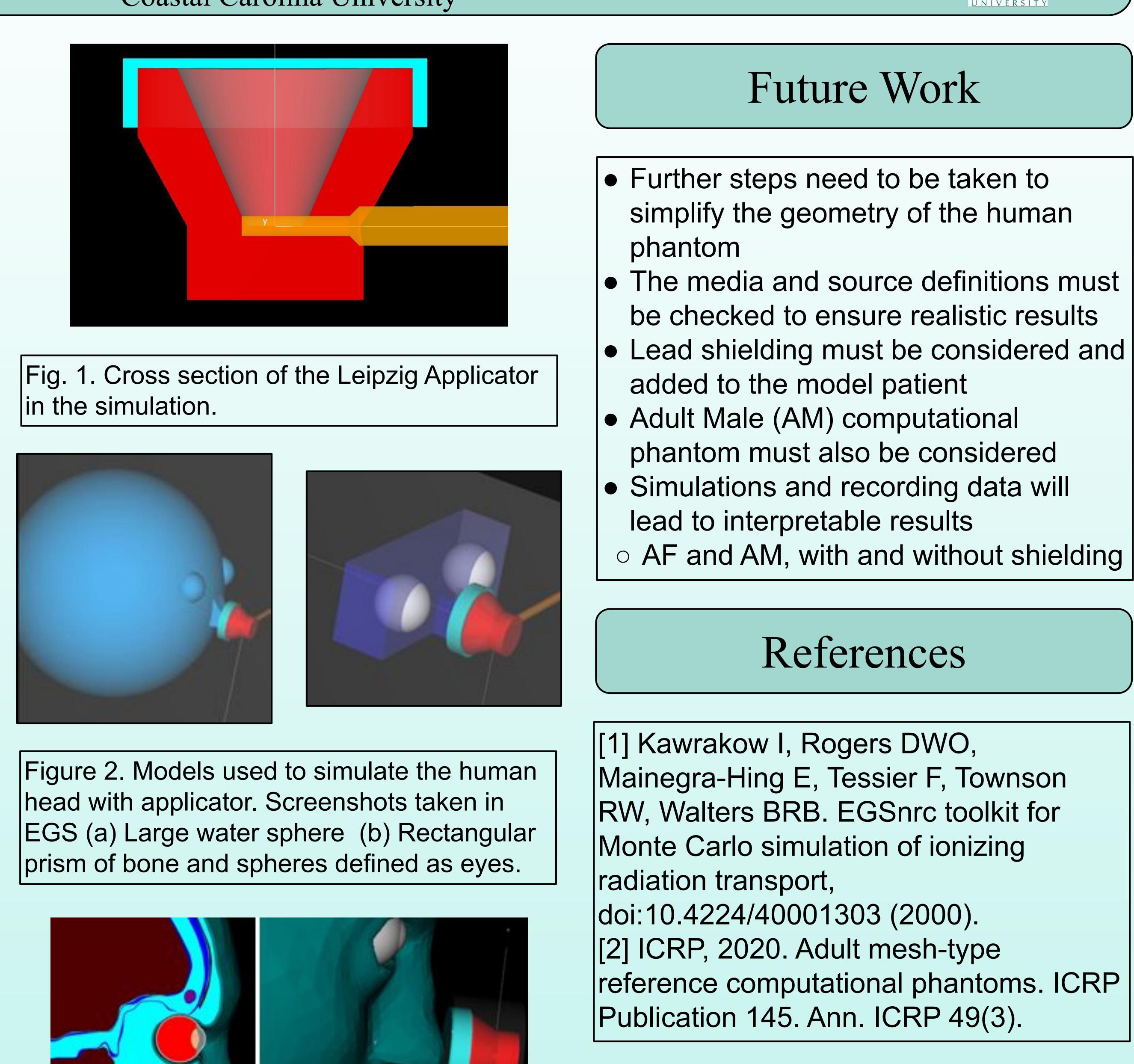




Fig. 3. AF model in EGS. (a) cross section of head through the eye. (b) outside of face with applicator.

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