Monitoring Nitrogen Levels at 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC

Kyle LaVoieCoastal Carolina University Engineering Science

Introduction

- This monitoring is important because it is a residential area that could be widely affected by water quality.
- Excess Nitrates become an issue since Nitrates limit the ability of blood to carry oxygen resulting in an oxygen deficiency.
- according to South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SC DHEC) about 83% of our drinking water in 2019 came from public water systems that use surface water sources
- The purpose of the water monitoring is to show how much ammonia, nitrite, and nitrate are in the water to evaluate the potential risks at 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC.

Table 1: South Carolina Water Supply Total Reported Water Use and Source.

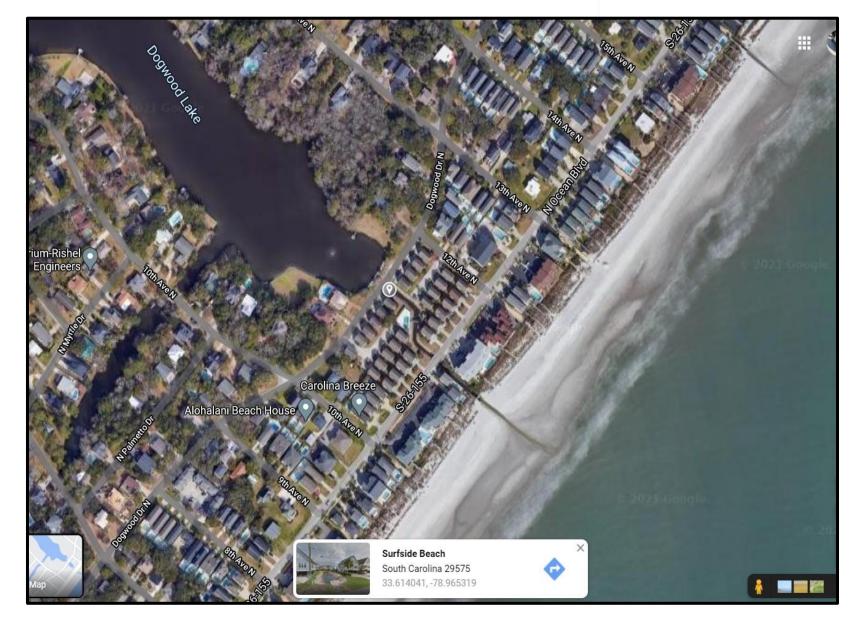
Water Use	Groundwater	Percentage	Surface Water	Percentage	Total	Percentage
	1.07 × 1.04	20.200/	0.10*105	0.000/	0.50	1 000/
Water Supply	4.27*10 ⁴	38.20%	$2.12*10^5$	0.90%	$2.55*10^5$	1.00%
Total	$1.12*10^5$	100.00%	$2.48*10^{7}$	100.00%	$2.49*10^{7}$	100.00%

Methods and Materials

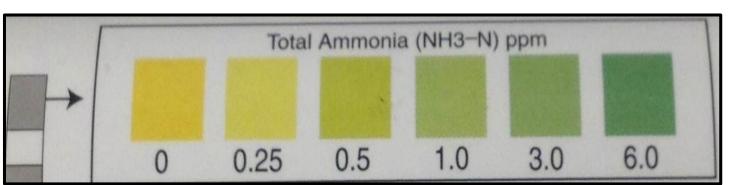
- Samples were tested using Ammonia Hack test strips and Nitrite and Nitrate Hack test strips. 242 samples of ammonia and nitrite and 239 samples of nitrate were collected between May 27th, 2010 and January 26th, 2021 at 11th Ave.
- The maps bellow show that the areas being monitored for this article is a very residential area close by the water source as well as showing that the water source leads directly to the Atlantic Ocean.

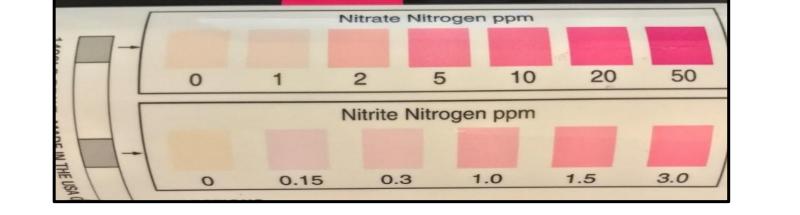
Table 2: Water quality parameters, units and analytical methods used for 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC.

Parameters	Abbreviations	Units	Analytical methods	Instruments
Ammonia	NH3	mg N/L	instrumental	Hack ammonia test strips
Nitrite	NO2	mg N/L	instrumental	Hack Nitrate/Nitrate test strips
Nitrate	NO3	mg N/L	instrumental	Hack Nitrate/ Nitrite test strips









Results

# Samples	Mean	S.D.	Max
242	0.002	0.032	0.5

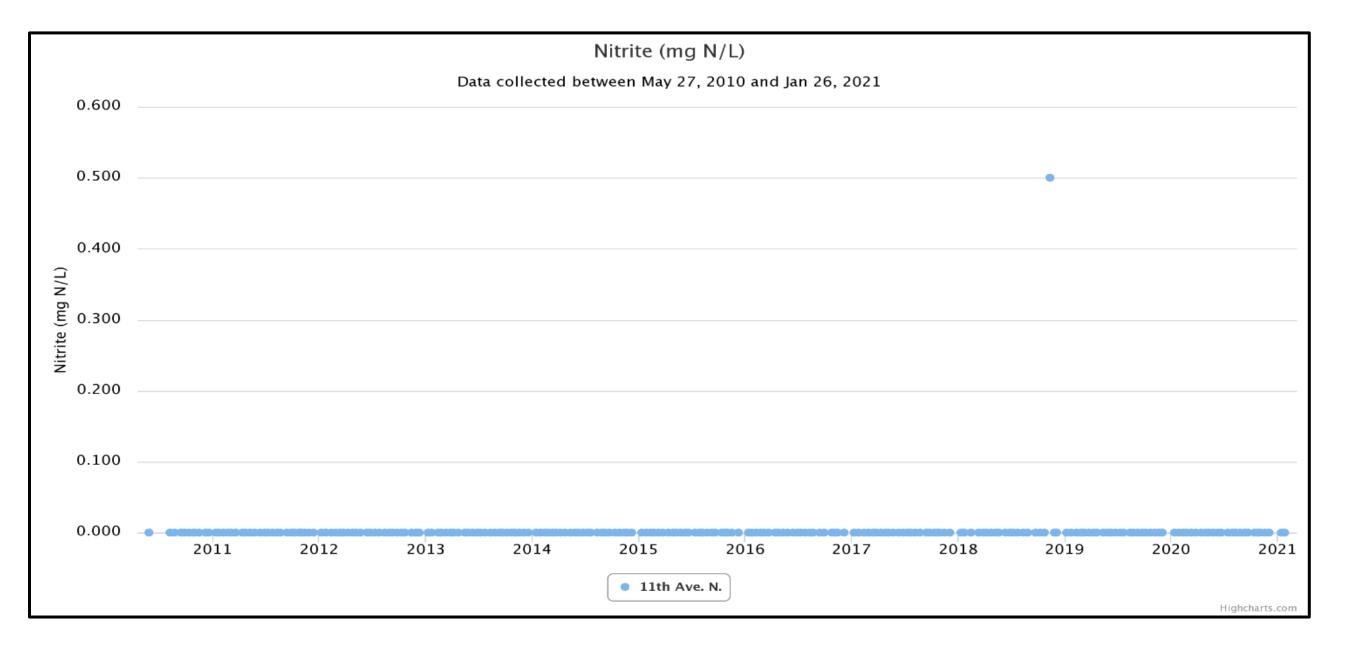


Figure 1: Time trend of nitrites measured at 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC from May 27th, 2010 – Jan 26, 2021.



Figure 2: Box plot of Ammonia levels at 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC between May 27, 2010 and Jan 26, 2021.

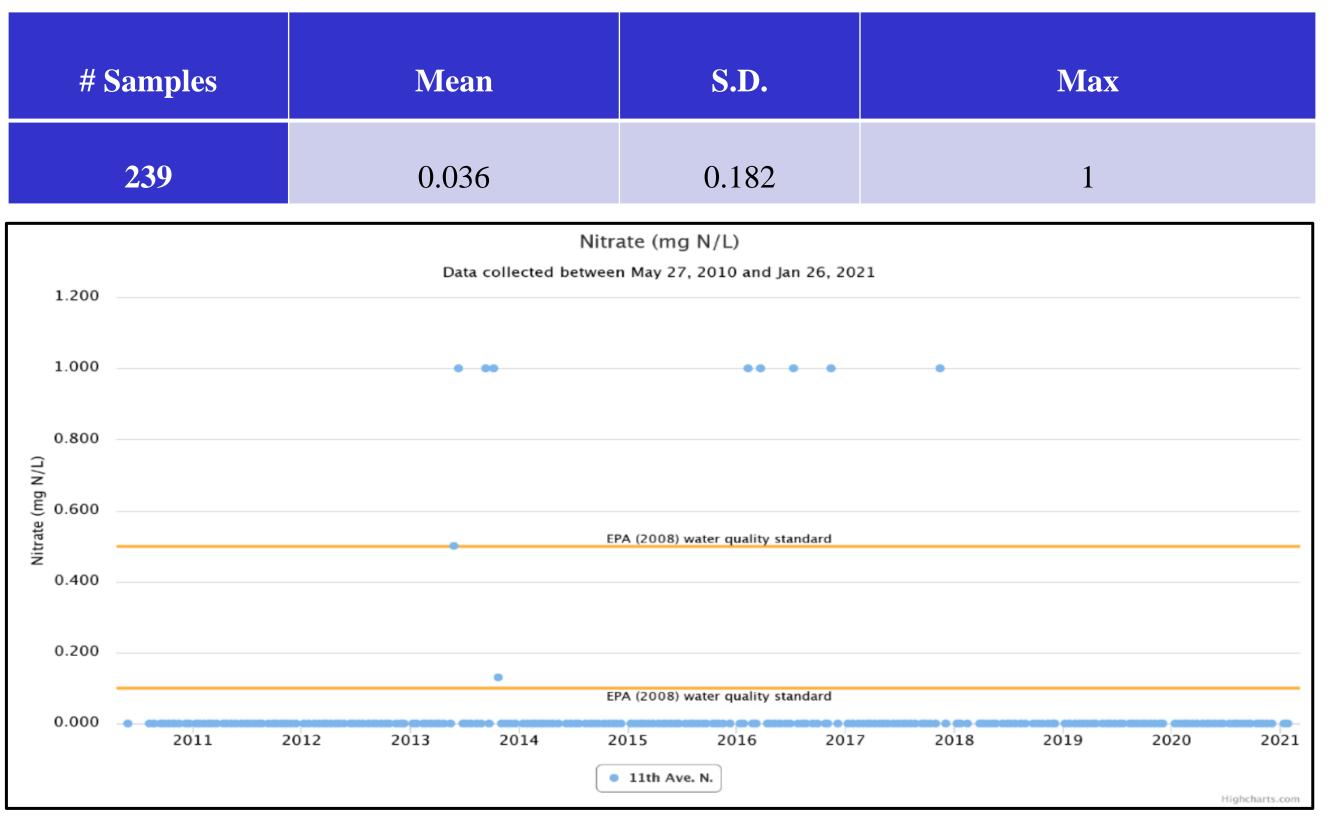


Figure 3: Time trend of nitrate measured at 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC from May 27th, 2010 – Jan 26, 2021 compared with EPA(2008) water quality standard.

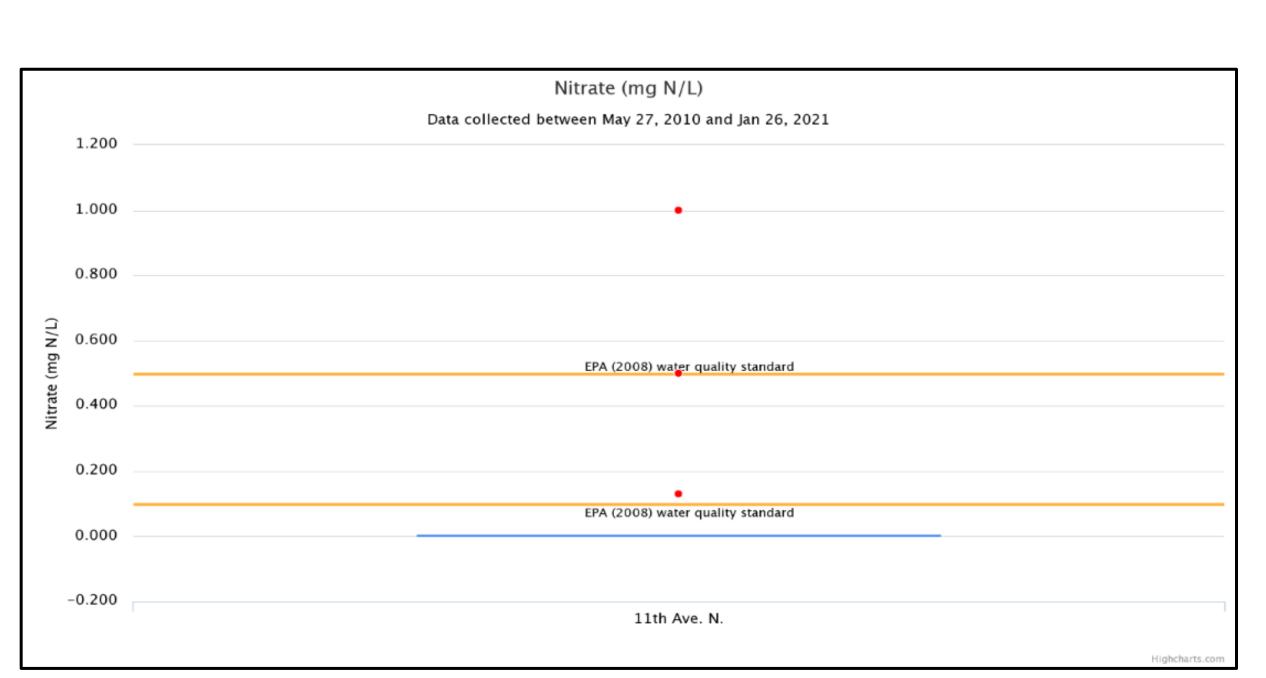


Figure 4: Box plot of nitrate levels at 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC between May 27, 2010 and Jan 26, 2021 compared to EPA(2008) water quality standard including outliers. .

Conclusion (Calibri 44 Points)

- The presence of nitrates in a water source used for public water supply can be concerning due to its health risks and should be closely monitored in residential areas as well as primary water supply sources.
- 11th Ave. N Surfside Beach, SC currently does not have a concern with excess nitrates as there was only 10 of the 239 trials that were outliers falling above the EPA(2008) standard of fair between 0.1 and 0.5 mg N/L.
- The concerns brought up in the introduction do not seem to be an issue in this immediate area but are important to keep in mind for future monitoring in this area and others.

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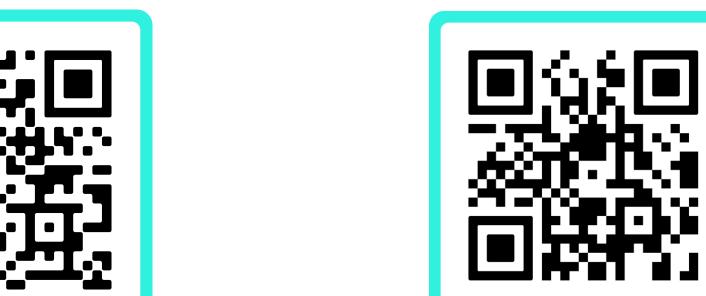
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References

- 1. Majumdar, D. (2003). The Blue Baby Syndrome: Nitrate poisoning in humans. *The Blue Baby Syndrome: Nitrate Poisoning in Humans*, 8(10), 20–30. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF02840703
- 2. Andrews, M., Raven, J. A., & Lea, P. J. (2013). Do plants need nitrate? the mechanisms by which nitrogen form affects plants. In *Annals of Applied Biology* (Vol. 163, Issue 2, pp. 174–199). https://doi.org/10.1111/aab.12045
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Further Information

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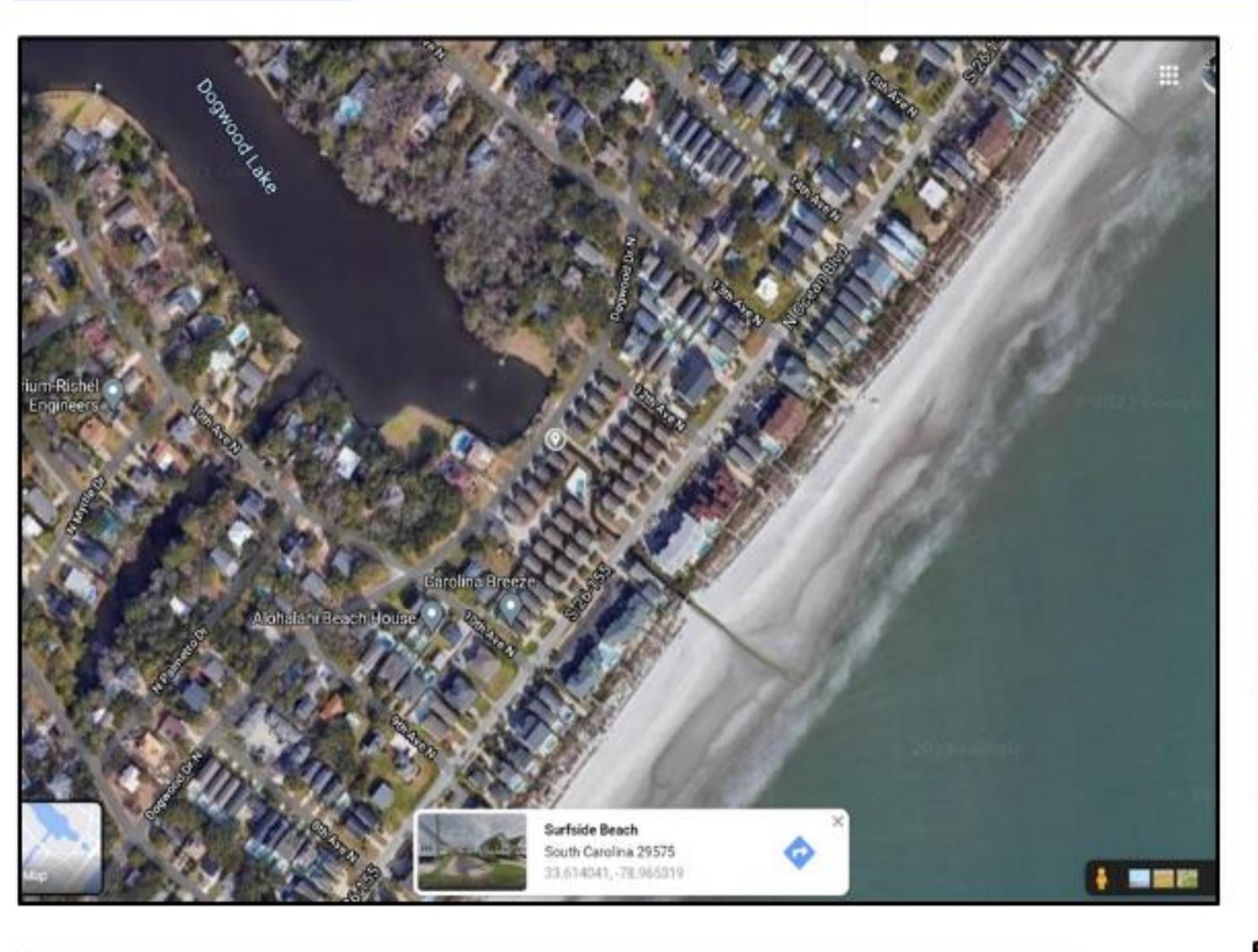
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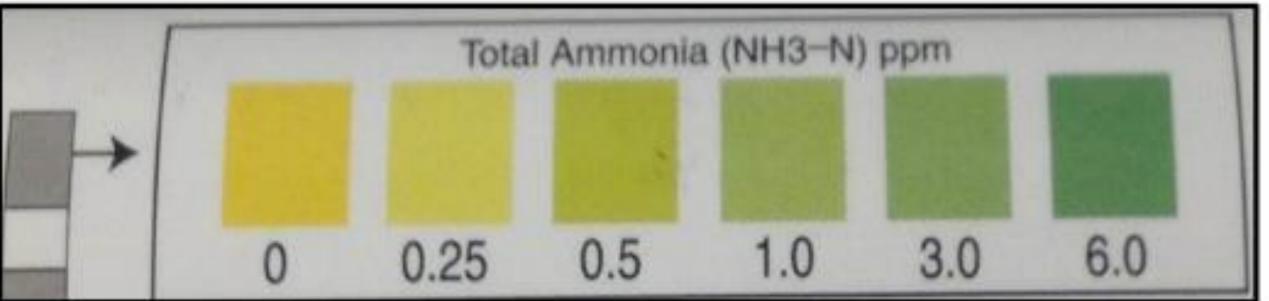
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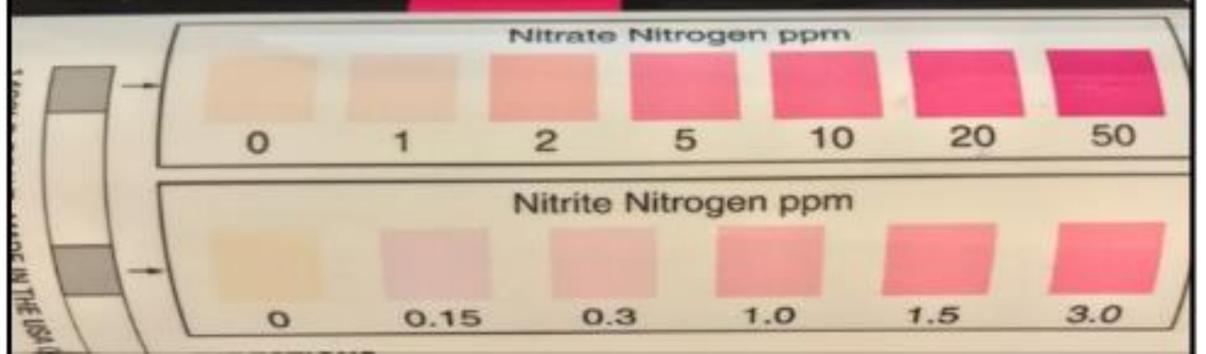
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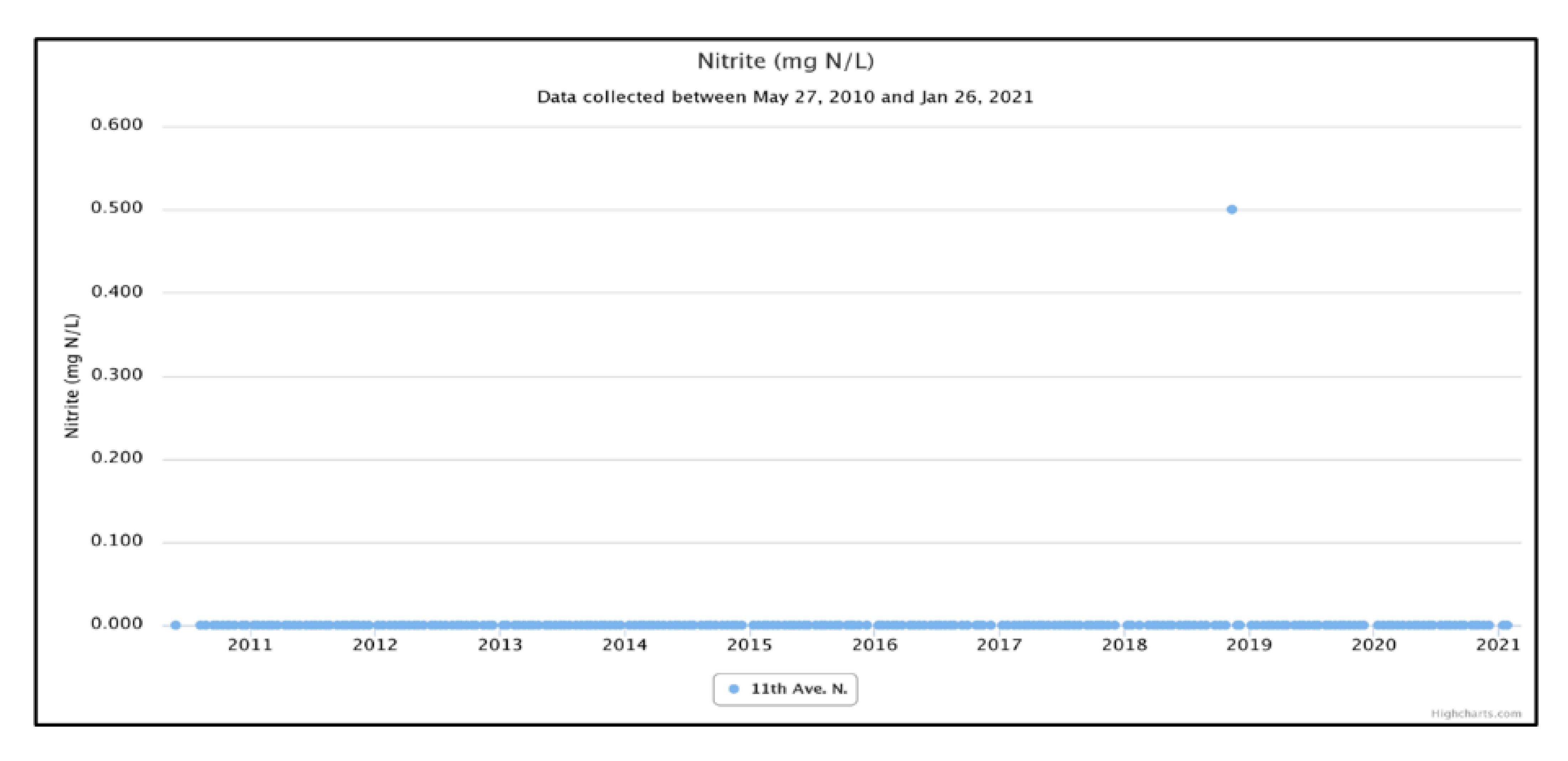
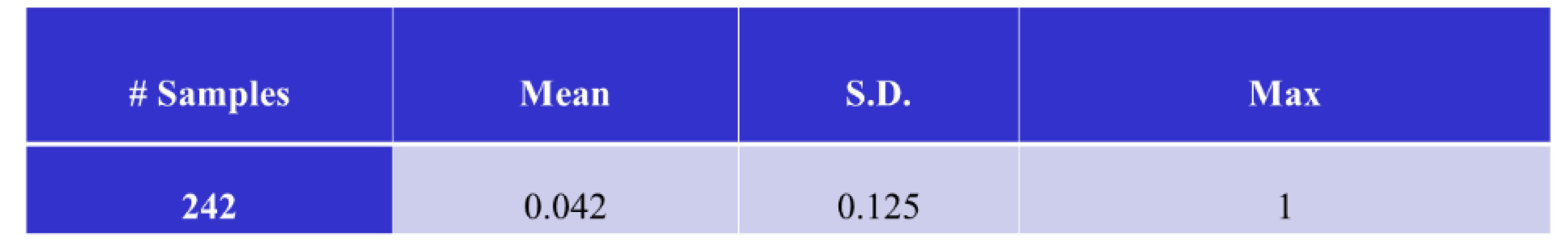


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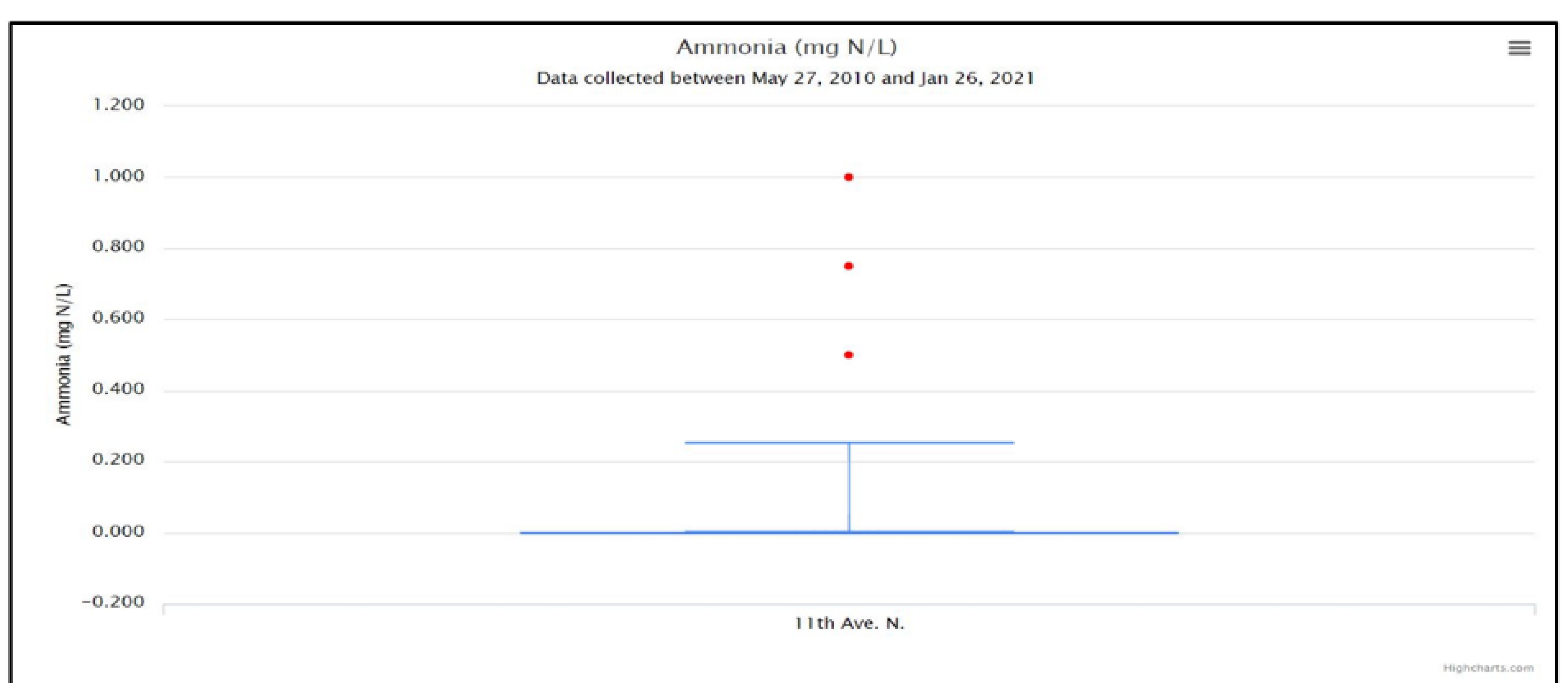
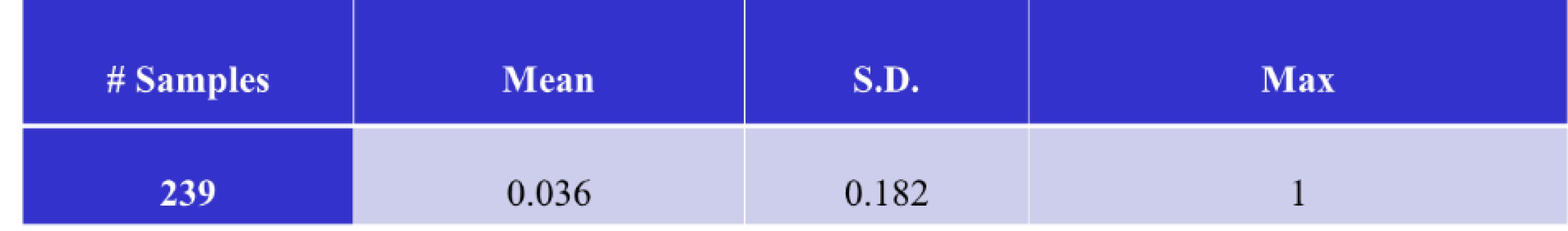


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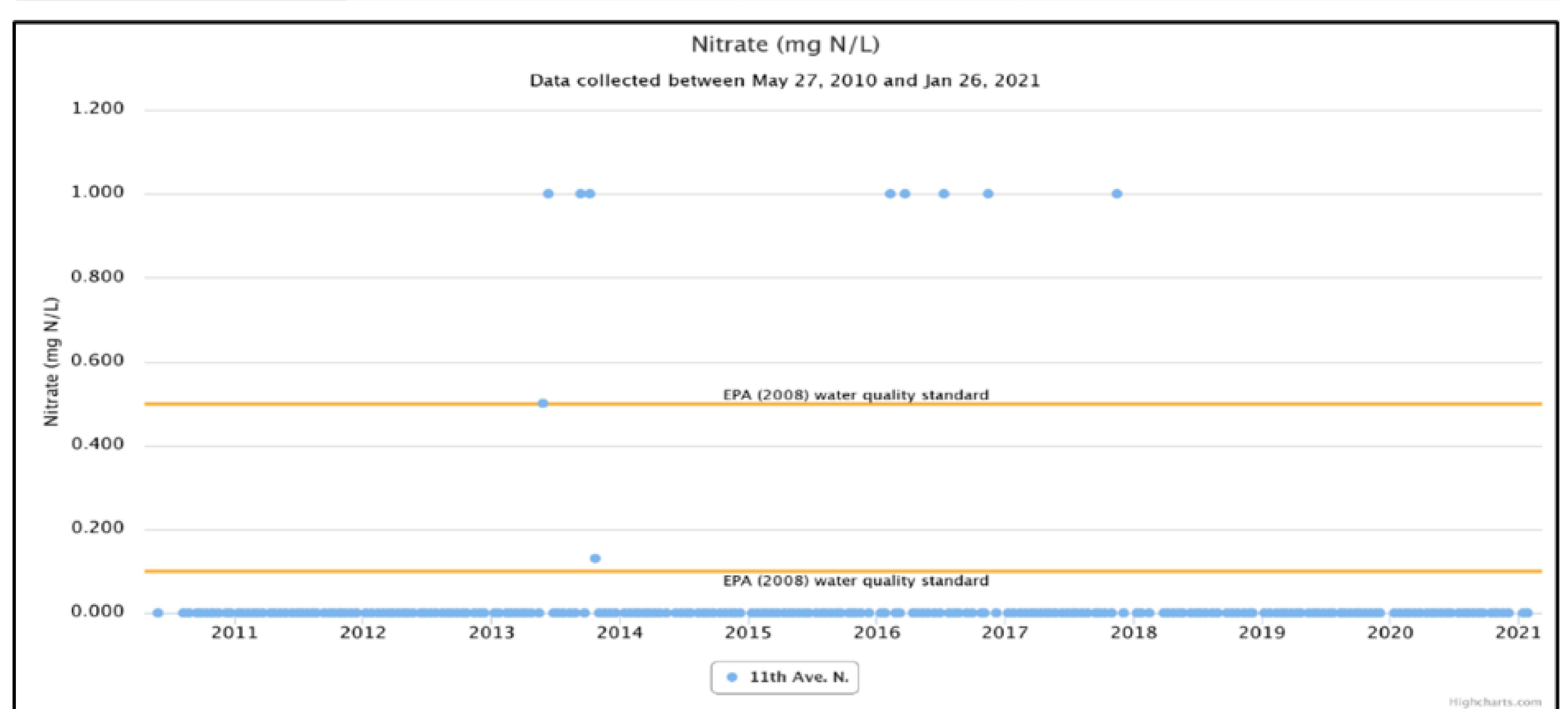


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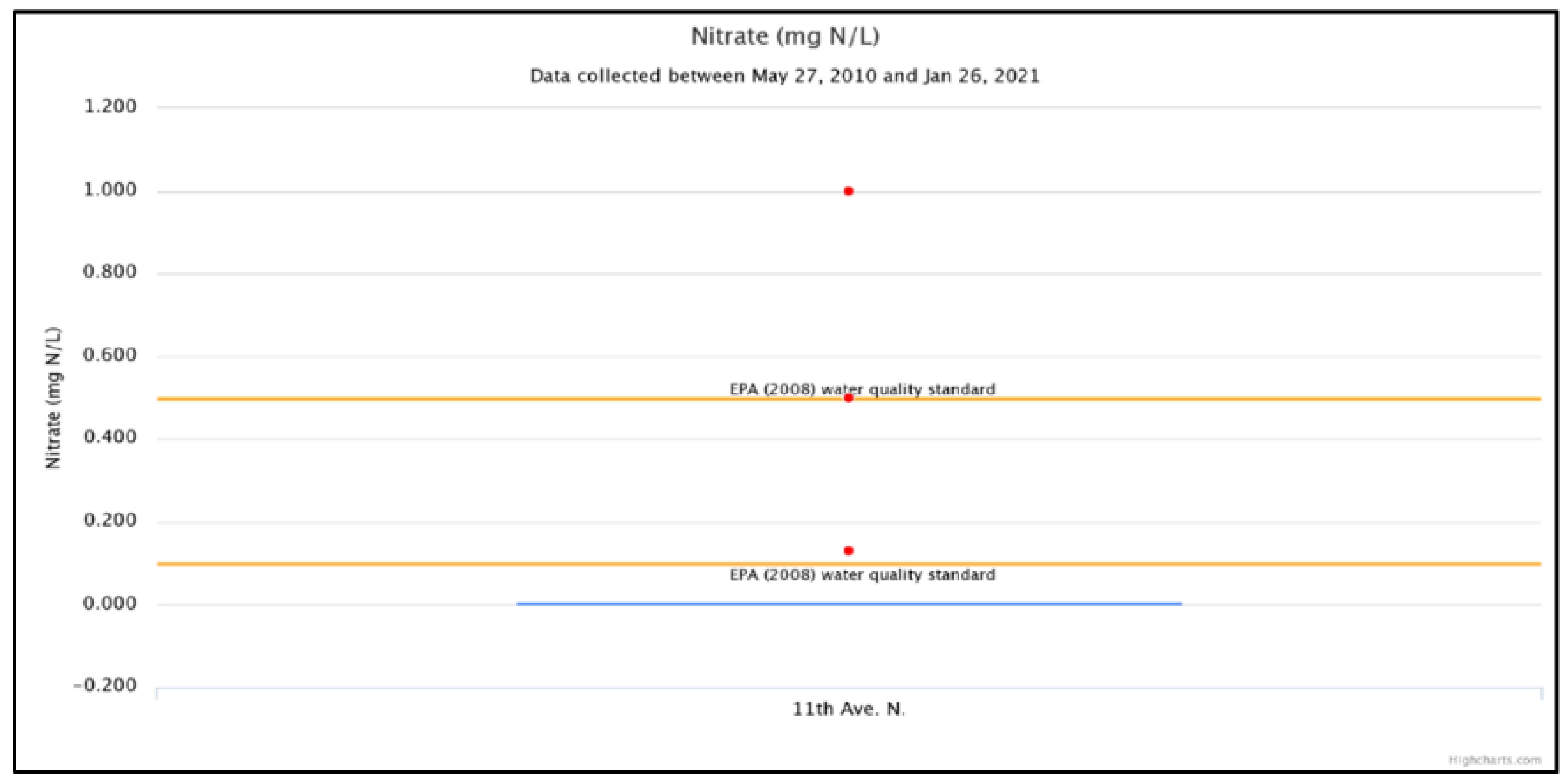


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